

Inclusive teacher-oriented instructional strategies

- use modelling and direct instruction
- provide additional demonstrations using a step-by-step approach
- pre-teach vocabulary and concepts using concrete experiences
- use role-play and simulations
- interact more frequently differentiate the number of practice items set according to the student's capabilities and provide guided practice with frequent feedback
- use a variety of means of positive feedback (points, certificates and other reward systems)
- use more frequent and more specific praise
- use cooperative and partnered learning strategies
- use a variety of modes for learning activities do not rely on passive listening. consider the variety of learning preferences
- change the pace of instruction increase wait time for oral responses as required, shorten instructions and repeat key elements
- differentiate the time to complete set work according to individual needs
- ask more questions and use different levels of complexity for different students
- provide hints or clues to facilitate students' responses
- use a variety of modes for responses
- incorporate personal interests and special talents into lessons
- integrate social skills, life skills in the curriculum
- incorporate metacognitive learning and problem solving strategies wherever possible
- incorporate self-management strategies wherever possible
- use criterion and performance-based assessment activities
- integrate direct observation and evaluation into the design of instructional strategies